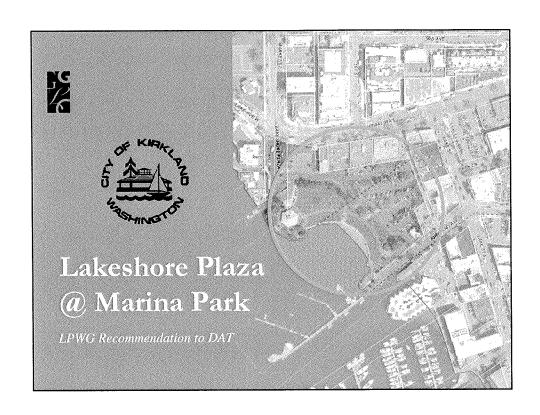
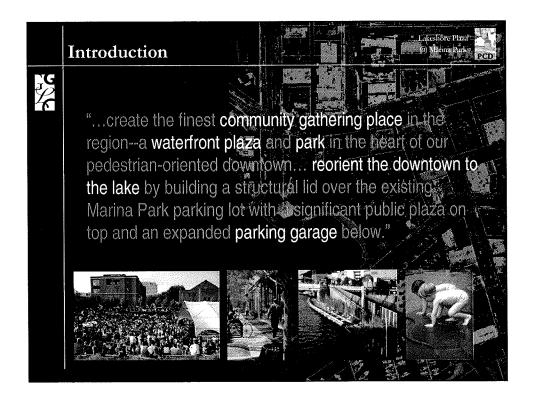
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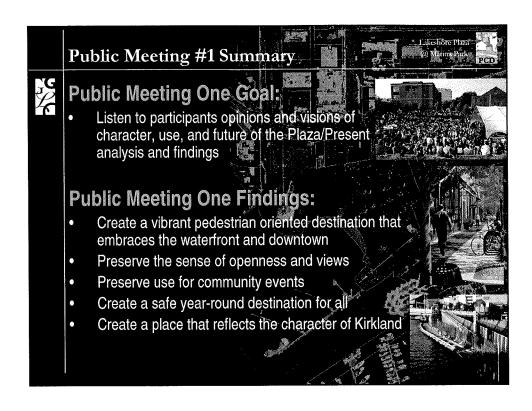


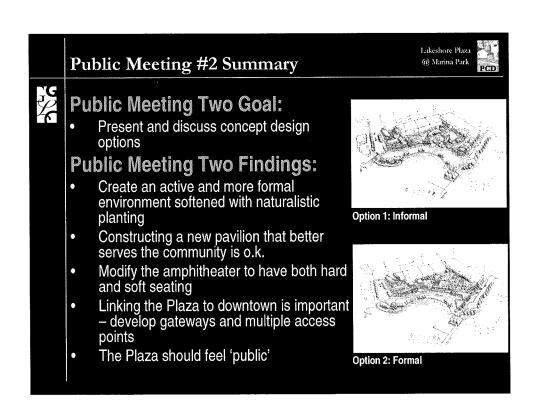


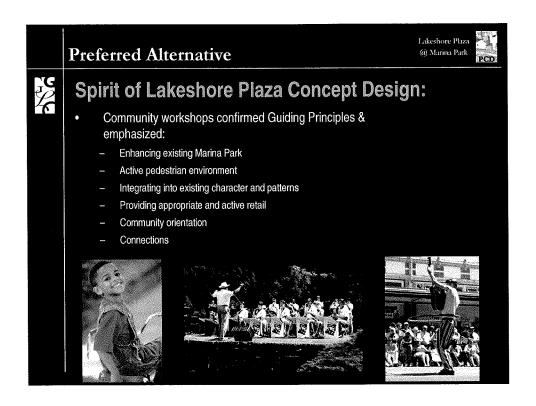


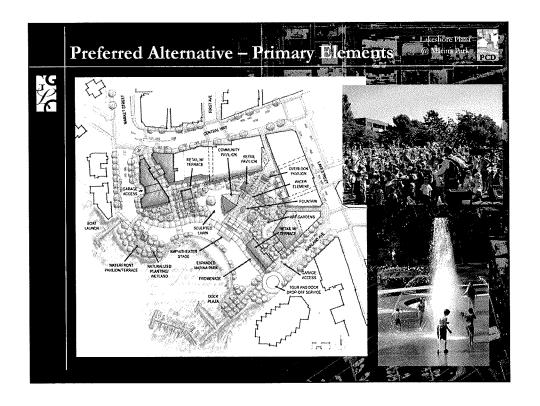
Lakeshore Plaza Introduction (a) Marina Park Lakeshore Plaza Guiding Principles: Maintain consistency with the vision of the Downtown Strategic Plan. Develop a vision and plan around broad community consensus and support, Create a concept that reflects downtown's unique character and its commitment to the arts. Serve to enhance and enlarge Marina Park. Design a place that comfortably accommodates its users. Create a place that is "owned" by the entire community. Promote environmentally sound solutions. Create a project that is economically feasible and sustainable Pursue opportunities to increase the supply of public parking. Pursue design solutions that create connections rather than barriers. Minimize disruption of existing downtown activities Strengthen and promote retail activity in the downtown.

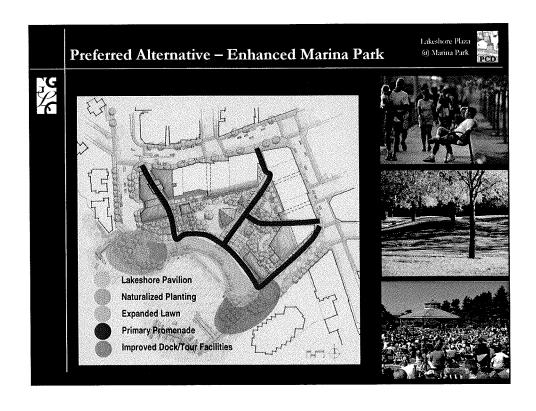
Lakeshore Plaza **Process** @ Marina Park LPWG has met 12 times since June 2003 Hosted 3 Community Workshops March 9th – Vision and Values (approx. 120 attendees) May 17th - Design Options (approx. 70 attendees) July 12th – Preferred Design Alternative (approx. 200 attendees) Met with surrounding owners three times Met with Cultural Council, Park Board, Planning Commission Mid-point check-in at City Council study session Joint meeting with DAT Extended meeting request to all neighborhoods. Invited and met with KAN, Moss Bay, South Rose Hill/Bridle Trails, Lakeview, North Rose Hill, Market Public information: 2 public notice boards on-site 3 City update articles 2 inserts in Kirkland Courier (24,000 each) Postcards to City lists and surrounding residential and retail owners Project website **KDL** newsletters Emails and neighborhood listserves Articles in Seattle and eastside papers

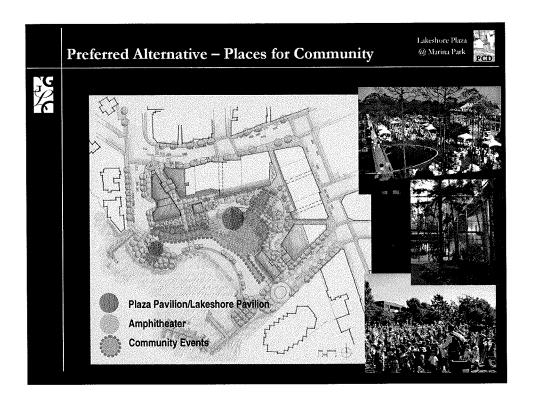


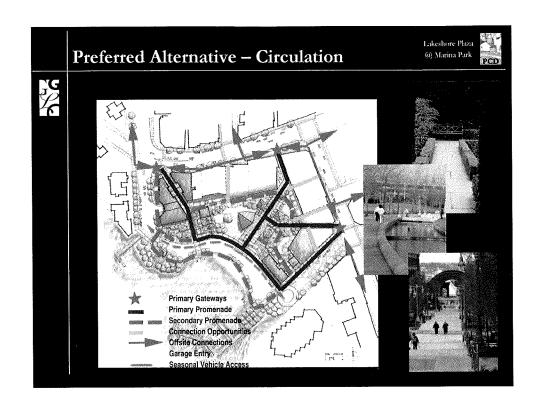


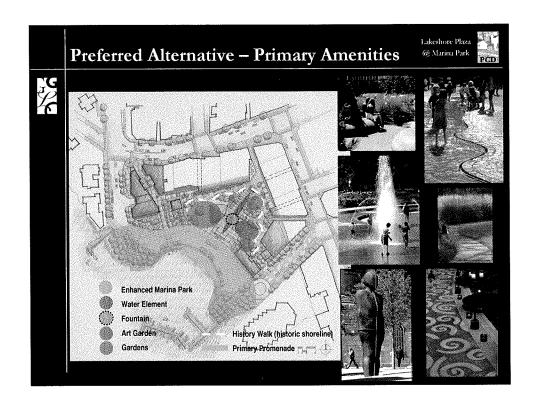


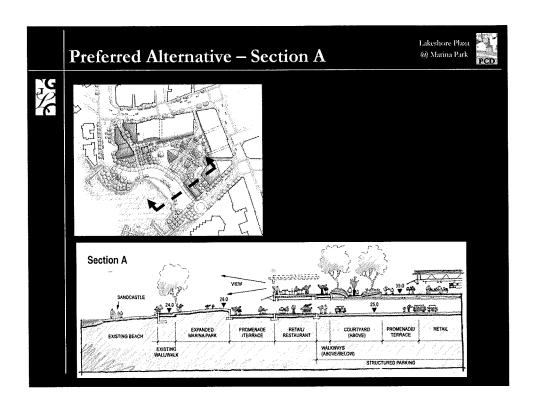


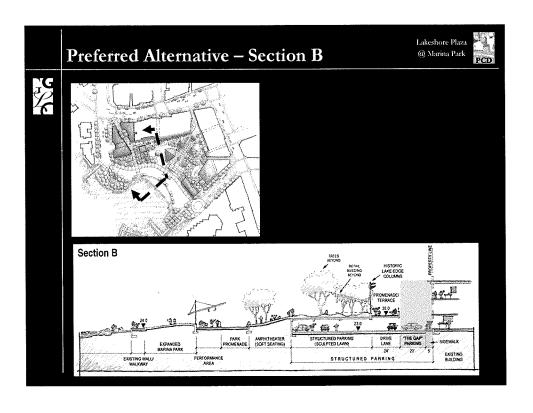


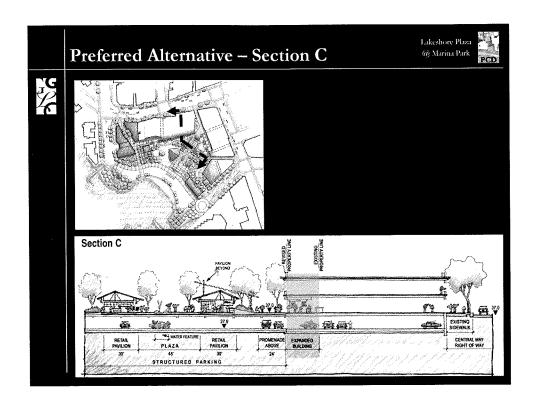


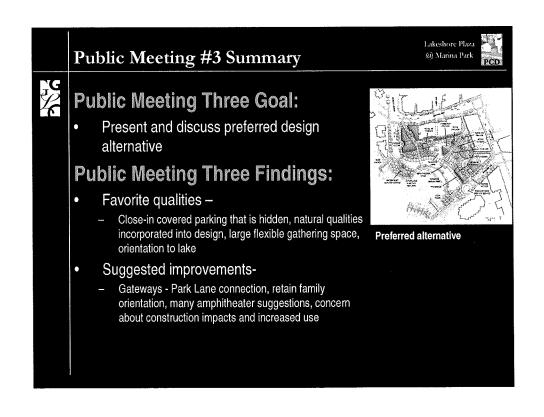












	Financial Analysis		Lakeshore Plaza @ Marina Park PGD		
N. C.	Costs: Completed a "best case"				
	and "conservative" analysis of the project	Item	Best	Conserv.	
	Total project cost, both private and public	Public Impv.	\$15.8 mill	\$20 mill	
	elements, is \$26- 34 mill 75% is public cost (garage, plaza…), 25%	Private Impv.	\$6 mill	\$6.6 mill	
	private (commercial shell) • Revenue = commercial	Arts & Envn.	\$2 mill	\$3.5 mill	
	rent & parking fees	Finance Cost	\$2.6 mill	\$3.9 mill	
		Total	\$26 mill	\$34 mill	

	Financial Analysis			akeshore Plaza
G.	Revenue:	Source	Best	Conserv.
~c	 Debt supported by revenue = \$17 - \$21 mill 	venue = Parking \$	\$280 k	\$232 k
	ψ17 - ψ21 111111	Commercial	\$1 mill	\$920 k
		New prop. Tax	\$15 k	\$15 k
		New sales tax	\$136 k	\$111 k
		Less plaza operating	(\$123 k)	(\$193 k)
		Total	\$1.4 mill	\$1 mill

	Fi	nancial Analysis		Lakeshore Plaza @ Marina Park		
J.K	C	onclusions:		Best	Conserv	
	•	Revenue sources support \$17-21 mill of project	Uses	\$26 mill	\$34 mill	
	•	financing Financing gap in this	Sources	\$21 mill	\$17 mill	
		model is \$5 - \$16 million	Other Finance req. (gap)	\$5.3 mill	\$16.4 mill	
			104. (94F)			

Financial Conclusions Private revenue exceeds cost of commercial elements in project Thus, commercial leases subsidize the cost of public facilities which don't carry their full weight, reducing cost to public for public facilities. Commercial space is the biggest variable – the greater the commercial space, the smaller the gap Multiple strategies to fill the gap (e.g. – lower project cost, increase revenue, private donations, private/public finance, public bond issue...)

Summary Recommendation







- The project has strong public support
 - The project appears to be financially viable
 - Significant issues remain:
 - Adjoining private properties:
 - · Code issues
 - · Development partnership opportunities
 - · Appropriate specificity of integrating design standards
 - Development and construction alternatives
 - Management structure for project, including role of adjoining owners
 - Need to affirm parking and retail demand/revenue projections
 - Evaluation of financing options
 - Request authorization to commence next level of project planning
 - Request project budget of \$150,000 for 2005 and \$50,000 for 2006

Next steps





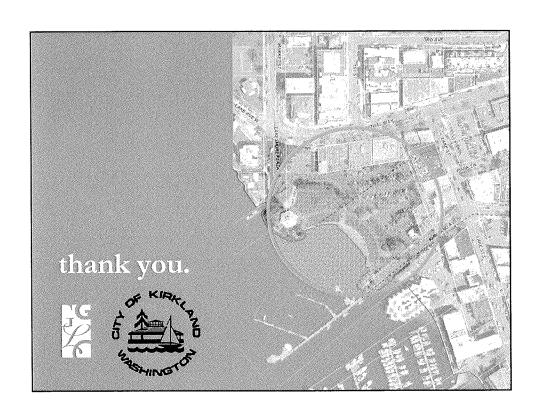
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- Incorporate design measures that reflect:
 - Code compliance
 - Needs of adjoining property owners
 - Design standards
 - Design input from arts and cultural community
- Market analysis for parking and retail
- Financing strategy
- Preliminary soils and engineering issues

2005

• Issue RFQ





8.5 Code Analysis





Kent,

It is my understanding that the goal is to identify the pertinent code related global questions which may substantially influence the planning & design of the project. At this stage, the emphasis is more on the definition of the 'right' questions and the direction of tasking the path to the answers.

Work within the Jurisdiction is regulated by the Municipal Code of Kirkland. The two most significant code sections are

- A) ZONING CODE Title 23
- B) BUILDING CODE Buildings and Construction Title 21

You mentioned that the Land Use - Zoning Code issues had been already studied, they are not part of this search.

BUILDING CODE

The State of Washington adopted the International Building Code 2003 edition with State Amendment as Chapter 51-50 Washington Administrative Code (WAC). City of Kirkland will be using this Code with local amendment (yet to be released) from July 1, 2004. Permit application submitted after that date are subject to this new Code. The difference between this upcoming new and the current Code is fairly significant and can significantly impact developments.

The Building Code (Code) integrates pertinent regulations from the Fire Code and local Fire Department as they are collectively covered under Buildings and Construction. The Building Department routes plans to the Fire Department for their separate review.

ITEMIZED ISSUES AS RELATES TO THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

- Some of the existing structures rely on public open space around them which may be partially blocked. The new adjacent buildings may render existing buildings non code compliant structure requiring action. This can be legal (easement, covenant, property boundary adjustment, purchase, etc.) or material change of structures, openings, fire protection, etc. It is to a large extent fire and exiting (life safety) issue. Public versus private ownership may influence available Code compliance methods.
- Access by the local Fire Department to the site(s) and different buildings may have several options. The level of this access is proportional to the restriction of the buildings in general. The more access, the more 'liberal' & less costly building. Again, their concerns will be organic part of the building department related responsibilities. Access is an important part of a larger equation.
- The uses (occupancy groups) of current and future buildings, their allowable areas, heights, number of stories, construction types (cost), their potential openness, locations, their physical adjacencies and connection limitations are all interrelated. In general, they are flexible, you change one and the balance of the equation will shift. This is the area with the most question marks and need for identifying and establishing interrelationships.
- The new building Code is more liberal than the current one, and it is likely to favorably impact the development. Along with that also comes the newness and untested nature of interpretations. Basically, several items known by all entities of the larger 'development team' players (developers, regulators, professionals, etc.) may need to be revisited.
- Accessibility (ADA and building code accessibility) of the buildings, structures and different part of sights will be an important and often difficult task. Identifying issues are more important then answers at this stage. Depending on the uses, may involve other several layers of issues.

Based on my past experience, I would highly recommend to conduct an initial, but comprehensive code study to discover how the development goals and proposal blend with methods of code compliance. It can severely change the cost or physical attributes of an otherwise well planned development. In my estimation, a limited scope code study would take about 12-16 hours to complete.

Thanks,
Tibor
Tibor Nagy AIA
GGLO
architecture | interior design | landscape architecture | planning and urban design
mailto:tnagy@gglo.com
(206) 902-5618 direct
(206) 902-5619 fax
www.gglo.com

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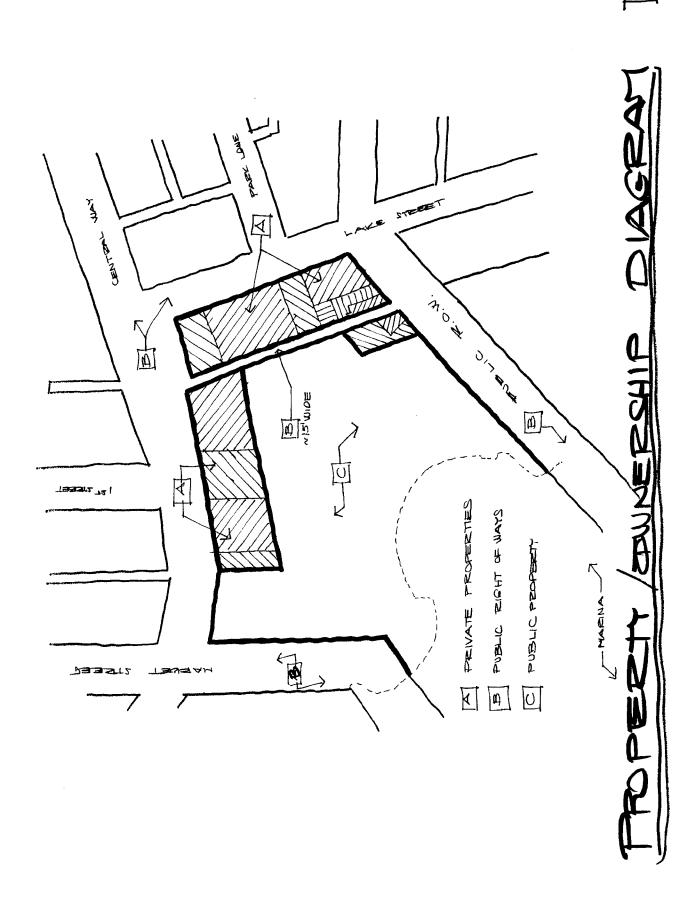
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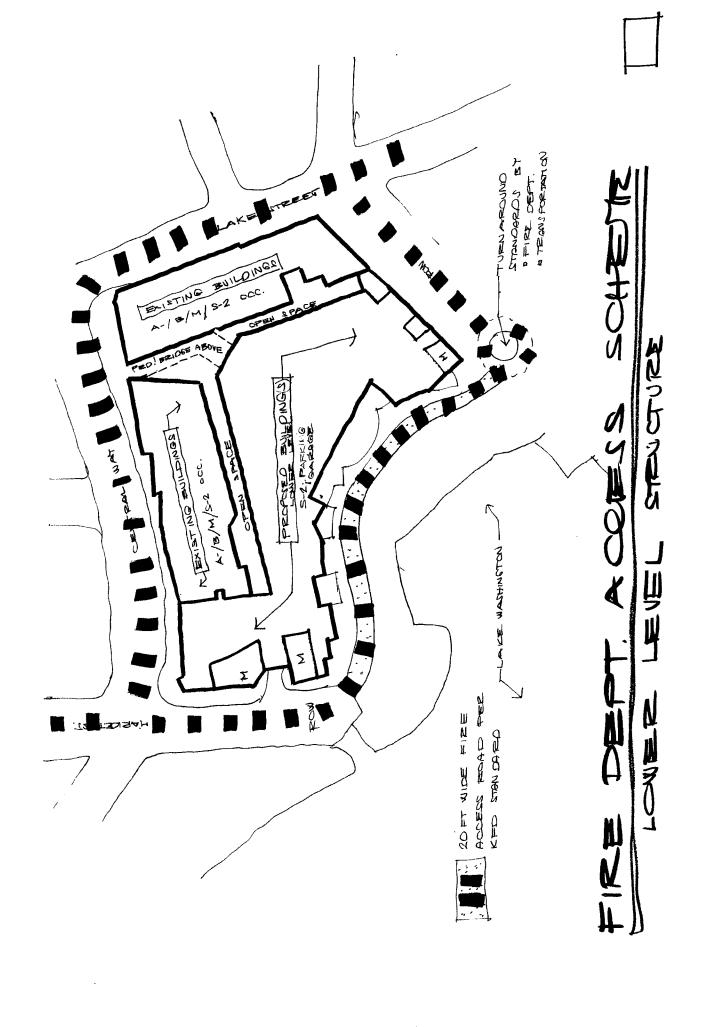
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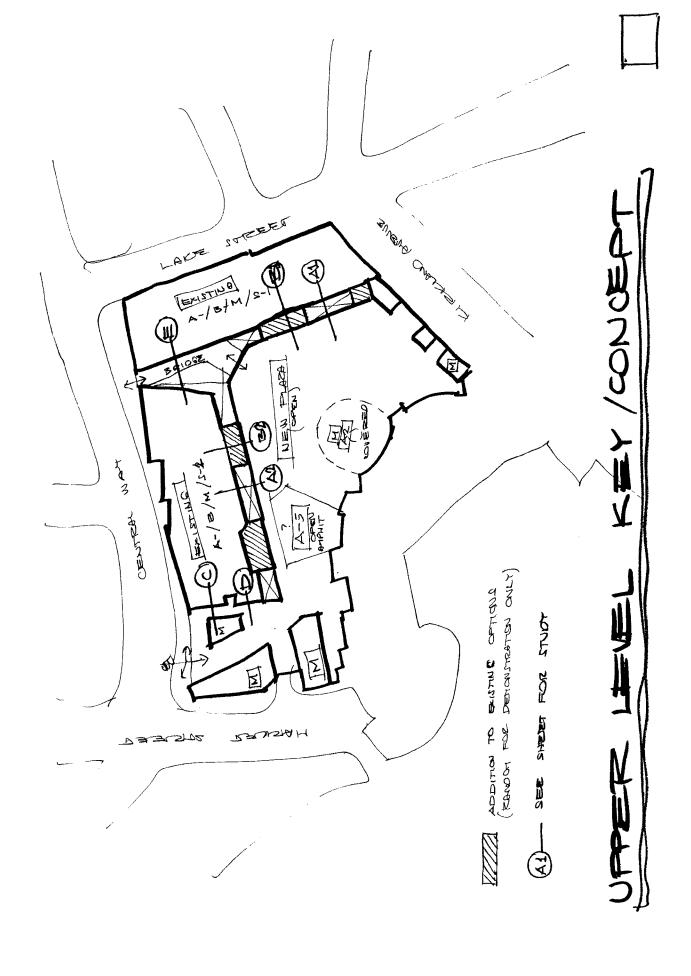
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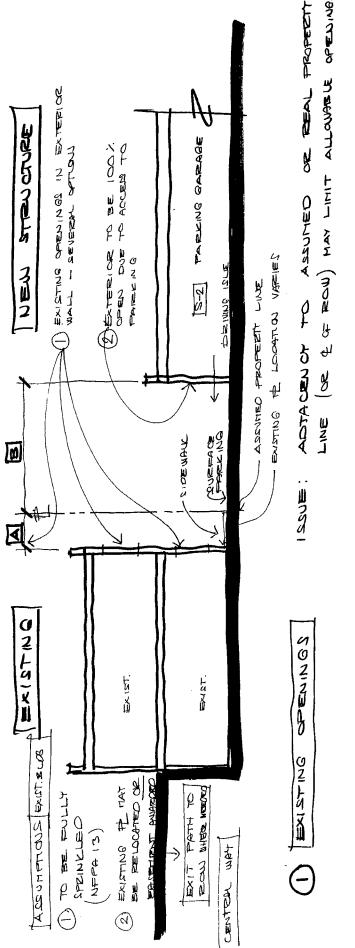
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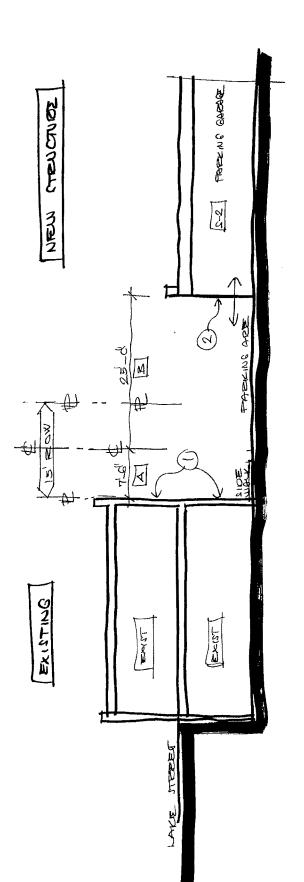
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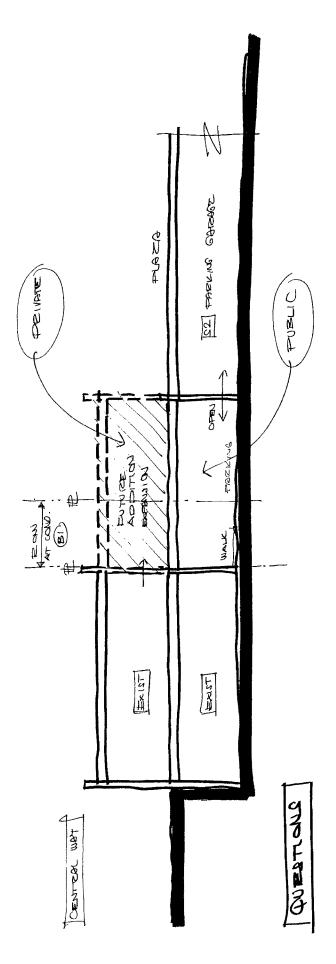
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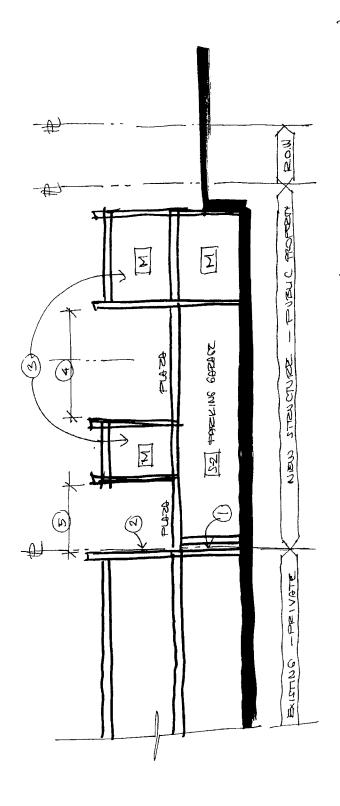


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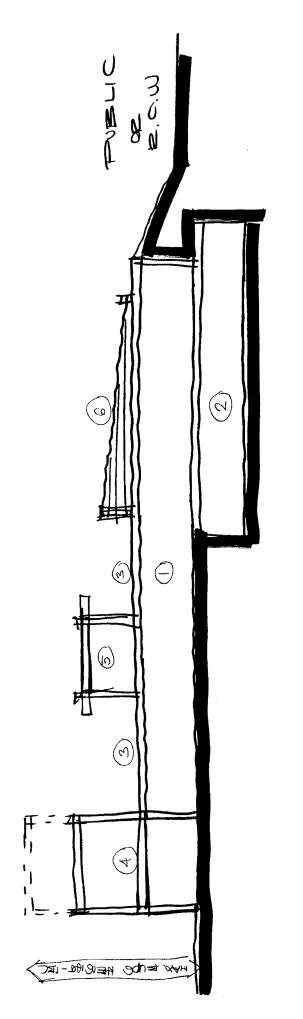
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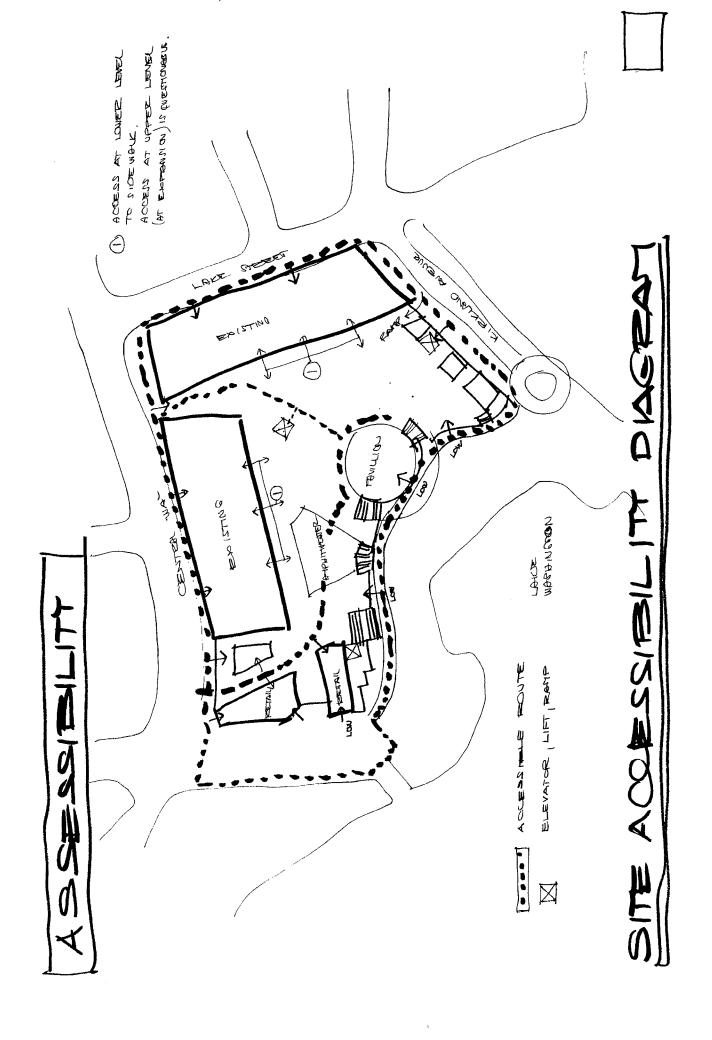
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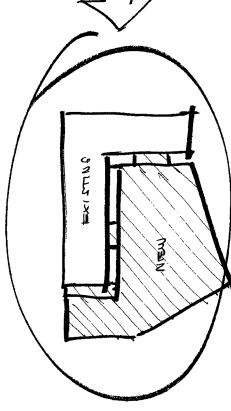
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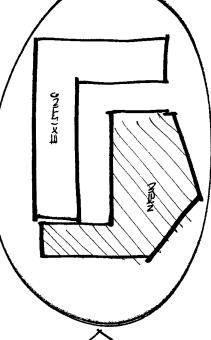
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8.6 Pro Forma





Lakeshore Plaza Financial Analysis Assumptions Used

	В	EST CASE	CONS	SERVATIVE CASE
INTEREST RATE. ASSUMED WILL BE GOVERNMENTAL BOND RATE		5.00%		5.50%
DEBT SERVICE TERM (30 YEARS)		30		30
QUANTITY OF NEW STALLS		280		280
QUANTITY NEW RETAIL - SF		30,000		30,000
COST TO BUILD/SF (core & shell only)	\$	100.00	\$	110.00
QUANTITY NEW RESTAURANT - SF		10,000		10,000
COST TO BUILD/SF (core & shell only)	\$	110.00	\$	120.00
CONSTRUCTION TIMELINE - MONTHS		16		18
CAPITAL COSTS WITHOUT FINANCING (1)	\$	23,788,970	\$	30,123,983
DEBT SERVICE RESERVE PERIOD - MONTHS		6		6
PROJECT FINANCING COSTS (2)	\$	2,637,490	\$	3,865,498
TOTAL PROJECT COSTS-AMOUNT CAPITAL BONDS	\$	26,426,466	\$	33,989,487
ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE ON BONDS	\$	(1,719,080)	\$	(2,211,065)
NET AVAILABLE TO SERVICE DEBT (3)	\$	1,376,052	\$	1,084,840
DEBT SERVICE GAP	\$	(343,028)	\$	(1,126,225)
CITY REVENUE PROJECTIONS: (4)				
RETAIL & RESTAURANT SALES REVENUE/SF	\$	400	\$	325
PROJECTED ANNUAL SALES	\$	16,000,000	\$	13,000,000
CITY PORTION OF SALES TAX 10% (.0085)	\$	136,000	\$	110,500
NEW PROPERTY TAX REVENUE	\$	15,000	\$	15,000

Notes:

- (1) From Project Cost Summary Page
- (2) Includes 1.5% cost of financing, bond counsel, construction period payments, debt service reserve
- (3) Includes costs from Income Projections Sheet PLUS City Revenue Projections above
- (4) City Projections Does NOT include proportionate share of increased revenue or property taxes from existing businesses around the project

Lakeshore Plaza Financial Analysis Project Cost Summary(1)

DESCRIPTION	 BASE CASE		INSERVATIVE CASE
PARKING GARAGE (total costs)	\$ 7,168,970	\$	7,723,983
NO OF STALLS	\$ 280	\$	280
COST PER STALL	\$ 25,603	\$	27,586
STRUCTURES - 5,000 SF PAVILION	\$ 870,000	\$	1,000,000
LANDSCAPING & IRRIGATION (50,000 SF)	\$ 1,500,000	\$	1,750,000
PLAZA & HARD SCAPE 75,000 SF	\$ 2,800,000	\$	3,300,000
EXISTING BLDGSCODE COMPLIANCE COSTS	\$ 1,000,000	\$	1,500,000
PROPERTY & EASEMENT ACQUISITIONS & PORTAL OPENING FOR PED ACCESS	\$ 1,000,000	\$	3,000,000
ROADWAY & STREET IMPROVEMENTS 40,000 SF	\$ 1,500,000	\$	1,750,000
SUBTOTAL	\$ 15,838,970	\$	20,023,983
SITE FF&E & INFRASTRUCTURE ART	\$ 2,000,000	\$	2,500,000
SUSTAINABILITY INITIATIVES	\$ -	\$	1,000,000
SUBTOTAL	\$ 2,000,000	\$	3,500,000
TOTAL PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS WITH NO FINANCING	\$ 17,838,970	\$	23,523,983
RETAIL (FULL C/S BUILD OUT)	\$ 4,350,000	\$	4,800,000
RESTAURANT (FULL C/S BUILD OUT)	\$ 1,600,000	\$	1,800,000
SUBTOTAL	\$ 5,950,000	\$	6,600,000
SUBTOTAL COSTS W/O FINANCING	\$ 23,788,970	\$	30,123,983
COST OF FINANCING	\$ 2,637,490	\$	3,865,498
TOTAL COSTS	\$ 26,426,460	\$	33,989,481
TOTAL IMPROVEMENTS PUBLIC (2)	\$ 19,838,970	\$	26,523,983
TOTAL IMPROVEMENTS COMMERCIAL (3)	\$ 6,587,490	\$	7,476,981

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Each line item is a stand alone cost with all management taxes, contingencies, permits, fees, A/E costs included All costs are 2004 costs with no inflation added

⁽²⁾ Includes proportionate share of financing costs

⁽³⁾ Includes proportionate share of financing costs

Lakeshore Plaza Financial Analysis Revenue Projection Assumptions

KEY: BEST CASE = HIGHER INCOME ASSUMPTIONS USED AND LOWER CONSTRUCTION COSTS CONSERVATIVE CASE = LOWER INCOME ASSUMPTIONS USED AND HIGHER CONSTRUCTION COSTS

PARKING INCOME & EXPENSES	В	ASE CASE	СО	NSERVATIVE CASE
GROSS MONTHLY REVENUE PER STALL (1)	\$	128.00	\$	115.00
ANNUAL REVENUE PER STALL	\$	1,536	\$	1,380
NO. STALLS		280		280
GROSS ANNUAL PARKING REVENUE	\$	430,080	\$	386,400
ANNUAL OPERATING EXPENSES (2)	\$	(150,528)	\$	(154,560)
NET ANNUAL PARKING INCOME	\$	279,552	\$	231,840
PLAZA PARK OPERATING EXPENSES (3)	\$	(122,500)	\$	(192,500)
RETAIL & RESTAURANT INCOME & EXPENSES				
TOTAL RETAIL SQUARE FEET		30,000		30,000
BLENDED NET LEASE RATES PER SF	\$	28.00	\$	24.00
ESTIMATED GROSS ANNUAL RETAIL INCOME	\$	840,000	\$	720,000
TOTAL RESTAURANT SQUARE FEET	\$	10,000	\$	10,000
BLENDED LEASE RATES PER SF	\$	30.00	\$	26.00
ESTIMATED GROSS ANNUAL RESTAURANT INCOME	\$	300,000	\$	260,000
GROSS ANNUAL INCOME RESTAURANT & RETAIL	\$	1,140,000	\$	980,000
LANDLORD OPERATING EXPENSES @ \$1.50/SF - \$1.80/SF	\$	(72,000)	\$	(60,000)
NET RETAIL & RESTAURANT ANNUAL INCOME	\$	1,068,000	\$	920,000
COMBINED NET ANNUAL OPERATING REVENUES: GARAGE, RETAIL & RESTAURANT - LESS EXPENSES	\$	1,225,052	\$	959,340

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Revenue per stall from City parking study

⁽²⁾ Estimated based on comparables from other parking garages of this size (approximately 35% of gross revenues for low cost and 40% for high cost)

⁽³⁾ Lakeshore Park Operating Expense Assumptions from City - low cost at 3500 MH @ \$35 and high cost at 5500 MH

LAKESHORE PLAZA ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COSTS FOR PARKING STRUCTURE

CONSTRUCTION HARD COSTS		LOW COST		HIGH COST		
NUMBER OF FLOORS		1.5		1.5		
NUMBER OF STALLS		280		280		
TOTAL SQUARE FEET OF GARAGE		98,000		98,000		
BUILDING & SITE DEMOLITION	\$	75,000	\$	80,000		
EARTHWORK	\$	100,000	\$	105,000		
TEMP ACCESS/ROADS	\$	25,000	\$	25,000		
CONTRACTOR PARKING/BUSING	\$	48,000	\$	50,000		
NEW SITE UTILITIES (WATER, WASTE, STORM, ELEC, GAS, COMMUN.)	\$	90,000	\$	90,000		
EROSION CONTROL DURING CONST	\$	60,000	\$	60,000		
SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE	\$	25,000	\$	25,000		
RETAINING WALL & PAVING	\$	80,000	\$	85,000		
SITE CIRCULATION & SAFETY WALKWAYS	\$	60,000	\$	70,000		
TRAFFIC MITIGATION	\$	60,000	\$	60,000		
FOUNDATIONS	\$	120,000	\$	130,000		
SUBSTRUCTURE			_			
SLAB ON GRADE & RAMP WALLS	\$	75,000	\$	85,000		
FOUNDATION WALLS	\$	280,000	\$	300,000		
RETAINING WALLS	\$	60,000	\$	60,000		
MASS EXCAVATIONS & SHORING	\$	290,000	\$	300,000		
SUPERSTRUCTURE	_		•			
CIP CONCRETE, STEEL STAIRS	\$	750,000	\$	850,000		
RAMPS	\$	95,000	\$	120,000		
HIGH CAPACITY DECK AT GRADE	•	00.000	•	95 000		
MISC CONCRETE	\$	80,000	\$	85,000 135,000		
HOISTING	\$	125,000	\$	110,000		
WATERPROOFING	\$	95,000	\$ \$	180,000		
EXTERIOR CLOSURE	\$	140,000	φ \$	65,000		
ROOFING	\$	55,000 55,000	φ \$	65,000		
SITE AMENITIES, SAFETY LIGHTS	\$	150,000	\$	180,000		
INTERIOR CONSTRUCTION	\$ \$	215,000	\$	225,000		
ELEVATORS -2	\$	85,000	\$	85,000		
PLUMBING	\$	80,000	\$	85,000		
FIRE PROTECTION	\$	90,000	\$	95,000		
HVAC	\$	190,000	\$	220,000		
ELECTRICAL SECURITY	\$	250,000	\$	275,000		
SECURIT						
SUBTOTAL	\$	3,903,000	\$	4,300,000		
GENERAL CONDITIONS @ 13%		507,390		559,000		
GC MARKUPS 7%	\$	308,727	\$	340,130		
PERFORMANCE BOND	\$_	225,000	\$	200,000		
CONSTRUCTION ONLY COSTS	\$	4,944,117	\$	5,399,130		
	(Note: These cost are construction only without contingencies, permits, fees, taxes)					
Construction Only Cost Per Stall	\$	17,658	\$	19,283		
Soft Costs: Contingency, Design, Permits, Fees, Taxes (45%)	\$	2,224,853	\$	2,324,853		
Total Parking Garage Costs	\$	7,168,970	\$	7,723,983		
Cost per Stall	\$	25,603	\$	27,586		

CITY KIRKLAND LAKESHORE PLAZA

Comparison of Commercial Square Footage in Project

Cost to Build	LOWER SF	HIGHER SF
Square Footage	20,000	30,000
Core-Shell Build out costs	\$ 110.00	\$ 110.00
Total Construction Costs	\$ 2,200,000	\$ 3,300,000
Non-Construction costs	\$ 990,000	\$ 1,485,000
Total Costs To Build	\$ 3,190,000	\$ 4,785,000
Financing Costs	\$ 366,850	\$ 550,275
Total Development Costs	\$ 3,556,850	\$ 5,335,275
Annual Debt Service	\$ (231,378)	\$ (367,096)
Income To Service Debt		
Lease On C/S Space	\$ 28.00	\$ 28.00
Annual Gross Income	560,000	840,000
Operating Expenses	 (36,000)	(54,000)
Net Available To Service Debt	524,000	786,000
(Deficit) / Surplus	\$ 292,622	\$ 418,904

Lakeshore Plaza Debt Calculations

Parking Structure

Net Parking Revenues after expenses (include		
park plaza operating expenses	\$ 157,052.00	\$ 39,340.00
Amount of Public Debt this will cover	\$ 2,400,000.00	\$ 575,000.00
Annual Payment	(\$156,123.44)	(\$39,563.10)
Retail/Restaurant		
Net Retail/Restaurant Revenues	\$ 1,068,000.00	\$ 920,000.00
Retail/Rest Development Costs	\$ 6,587,490	\$ 7,476,981
Financing Costs	(\$428,526)	(\$514,457)
Amount of Funds Left To Cover Public Debt	\$639,474	\$405,543
Amount of Public Debt this will cover	\$ 9,500,000	\$ 6,000,000
Financing Costs	(\$617,989)	(\$412,832)
<u>Taxes</u>		
Amount of New Taxes To City from this project	\$ 151,000	\$ 125,500
Amount of Public Debt this will cover	\$ 2,300,000	\$ 1,800,000
Financing Costs	(\$149,618)	(\$123,850)